

510(k) Summary

In accordance with Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 807, and in particular 21 CFR \$807.92, the following summary of information is provided:

Submitted by:

Sheila Bruschi Manager, Regulatory Affairs NuVasive, Incorporated 7475 Lusk Blvd. San Diego, California 92121 Telephone: (858) 909-1800

Date Prepared: March 13, 2013

B. **Device Name**

NuVasive® NVM5® System Trade or Proprietary Name: Common or Usual Name: Neurological surgical monitor;

Stereotaxic Instrument

Classification Name: Surgical Nerve Stimulator/Locator:

> Evoked response electrical stimulator; Neurological stereotaxic instrument;

Electromyography (EMG) monitor/stimulator

Device Class: Class II

Classification:

§874.1820, §882.1870, §882.4560, §890.1375

Product Code: PDO, ETN, GWF, HAW, IKN, OLO

C. **Predicate Devices**

The subject NuVasive NVM5 System is substantially equivalent to one or more of the following predicate devices listed in Table 1 below.

Table 1 – Predicate Devices

510(k)	Trade or proprietary or model name	Manufacturer
K112718	NVM5 System	NuVasive, Inc.
K122742	Bendini [™] Spinal Rod Bending System	NuVasive, Inc.
K050438	StealthStation	Medtronic
- K012448	VectorVision Trauma	BrainLAB

D. **Device Description**

NVM5 System is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic status. NVM5 provides this information by electrically stimulating nerves via electrodes located on surgical accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG), transcranial motor evoked potential (TcMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves. Moreover, a Twitch Test ("Train of Four") function is utilized to test the ability of the nerve to respond, or contract, following four stimulation pulses to determine the presence of neuromuscular block.



Additionally, the *NVM5 System* includes an integrated stereotactic guidance system (*NVM5 Guidance*) to support the delivery of pedicle screws during EMG monitoring. The System also integrates BendiniTM software used to locate spinal implant instrumentation for the placement of spinal rods. Lastly, the system also offers an optional screen sharing application (*Remote Monitoring*) to allow a secondary physician to remotely view the events represented on the NVM5 user interface. In summary, the *NVM5 System* includes the following six (6) software functionalities / modalities:

- 1. Electromyography (EMG)
- 2. Transcranial Motor Evoked Potential (TceMEP), or simply MEP
- 3. Somatosensory Evoked Potential (SSEP)
- 4. Guidance
- 5. Bendini
- 6. Remote Monitoring

The *NVM5 System* hardware consists of a Patient Module (PM) and computer, as well as accompanying accessory components which consist of an assortment of disposable conductive probes, electrodes, and electrode leads.

E. Intended Use

The *NVM5 System* is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic status. *NVM5* provides this information by electrically stimulating nerves via electrodes located on surgical accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG), transcranial motor evoked potential (TceMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves. The System also integrates BendiniTM software used to locate spinal implant instrumentation for the placement of spinal rods.

- XLIF (Detection) The XLIF (Detection) function allows the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves, and is used as a nerve avoidance tool.
- Basic & Dynamic Screw Test The Screw Test functions allow the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves by providing proximity information before, during or after bone preparation and placement of bone screws.
- Free Run EMG The Free Run EMG function identifies spontaneous EMG activity of spinal nerves by continually displaying a live stream waveform of any mechanically induced myotome contractions.
- Twitch Test (Train of Four) The Twitch Test Function allows the surgeon to assess moderate degrees of neuromuscular block in effect by evaluating muscle contraction following a train of four stimulation pulses.
- TceMEP Transcranial stimulation techniques for motor evoked potentials are used to
 assess for acute dysfunction in axonal conduction of the corticospinal tract. The TceMEP
 function provides an adjunctive method to allow the surgeon to monitor spinal cord and
 motor pathway integrity during procedures with a risk of surgically induced motor injury.
- SSEP The SSEP function allows the surgeon to assess sensory spinal cord function in surgical procedures during which the spinal cord is at risk.



- Remote Reader The Remote Reader function provides real time remote access to the NVM5 System for a monitoring physician outside of the operating room.
- Guidance The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in either open or
 percutaneous pedicle cannulation procedures in the lumbar and sacral spine (L1-S1) of adult
 patients, and when used in conjunction with radiographic imaging and EMG, allows the
 surgeon to assess the angulation of system accessories relative to patient spinal anatomy for
 the creation of a cannulation trajectory for bone screw placement.
- Bendini The Bendini Spinal Rod Bending function is used to locate spinal implant system instrumentation (screws, hooks) to determine their relative location to one another to generate bend instructions to shape a spinal rod. A surgeon is able to use those instructions and bend a rod using the Bendini Bender, a mechanical rod bender.

F. Technological Characteristics

As was established in this submission, the subject NVM5 System is substantially equivalent to other predicate devices cleared by the FDA for commercial distribution in the United States. The subject device was shown to be substantially equivalent and have equivalent technological characteristics to its predicate devices through comparison in areas including design, intended use, material composition, and functions. The technological differences within this 510(k) that were shown to be substantially equivalent to the predicates include:

- Addition of Red/Yellow/Green background alerts to the SSEP Function
- Addition of the Bendini function (equivalent to predicate Bendini System K122742), and
- Use of the NVM5 System with NuVasive-supplied compatible computer.



	Substantially	Equivalent?	YES. The differences in the Indications do not result	in a new included use and do not alter the intended therapeutic effect or impact safety/ effectiveness as the	Bendini indications are identical to those cleared in K122742, and	Guidance indications were only expanded to include the S1 level of	the spine.						
of Characteristics of the Subject NVMS System vs. Predicate Device	Predicate Device	NuVasive NVM5 System (K112718)	The NVM5* System is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic	status. NY 802 provides this unfolliation by electrically similarining fields yet electrodes located on surgical accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG), transcranial motor cvoked potential (TCMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves.	 XLIF (Detection) – The XLIF (Detection) function allows the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves, and is used as a nerve avoidance tool. 	 Basic & Dynamic Screw Test – The Screw Test functions allow the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves by providing proximity information before, during or after bone preparation and placement of bone screws. 	 Free Run EMG – The Free Run EMG function identifies spontaneous EMG activity of spinal nerves by continually displaying a live stream waveform of any mechanically induced myotome contractions. 	 Twitch Test (Train of Four) – The Twitch Test Function allows the surgeon to assess moderate degrees of neuronuscular block in effect by evaluating muscle contraction following a train of four stimulation pulses. 	 TcMEP – Transcranial stimulation techniques for motor evoked potentials are used to assess for acute dysfunction in axonal conduction of the corticospinal tract. The TcMEP function provides an adjunctive method to allow the surgeon to monitor spinal cord motor pathway integrity during procedures with a risk of surgically induced motor injury. 	 SSEP — The SSEP function allows the surgeon to assess sensory spinal cord function in surgical procedures during which the spinal cord is at risk. 	 Remote Reader – The Remote Reader function provides real time remote access to the NVM5 System for a monitoring physician outside of the operating room. 	 The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in either open or percutaneous pedicle cannulation procedures in the lumbar spine of adult patients, and when used in conjunction with radiographic imaging and EMG, allows the surgeon to assess the angulation of system accessories relative to patient spinal anatomy for the creation of a cannulation trajectory 	for bone screw placement.
Table 2 – Comparison of Characteristics of	Subject Device.	NuVasive NVM5 System	The NVM5* System is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic status. NVM5 provides	accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG) transcranial motor evoked potential (TecMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves. The System also integrates Bendini software used to locate spinal implant instrumentation for the placement of spinal rods.	 XLIF (Detection) – The XLIF (Detection) function allows the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves, and is used as a nerve avoidance tool. 	 Basic & Dynamic Screw Test — The Screw Test functions allow the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves by providing proximity information before, during or after bone preparation and placement of bone screws. 	 Free Run EMG – The Free Run EMG function identifies spontaneous EMG activity of spinal nerves by continually displaying a live stream waveform of any mechanically induced myotome contractions. 	 Twitch Test (Train of Four) – The Twitch Test Function allows the surgeon to assess moderate degrees of neuromuscular block in effect by evaluating muscle contraction following a train of four stimulation pulses. 	 TeoMEP – Transcranial stimulation techniques for motor evoked potentials are used to assess for acute dysfunction in axonal conduction of the corticospinal tract. The TeoMEP function provides an adjunctive method to allow the surgeon to monitor spinal cord and motor pathway integrity during procedures with a risk of surgically induced motor injury. 	 SSEP – The SSEP function allows the surgeon to assess sensory spinal cord function in surgical procedures during which the spinal cord is at risk. 	 Remote Reader – The Remote Reader function provides real time remote access to the NVM5 System for a monitoring physician outside of the operating room. 	 Guidance – The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in either open or percutancous pedicle cannulation procedures in the lumbar and sacral spine (L1-S1) of adult patients, and when used in conjunction with radiographic imaging and EMG, allows the surgeon to assess the angulation of system accessories relative to patient spinal anatomy for the creation of a cannulation trajectory for bone screw placement. 	 Bendini - The Bendini Spinal Rod Bending function is used to locate spinal implant system instrumentation (screws, hooks) to determine their relative location to one another to generate bend instructions to shape a spinal rod. A surgeon is able to use those instructions and bend a rod using the Bendini Bender, a mechanical rod bender.
	Specification/	Property						Intended Use /	Indications for Use				

Specification/	Subject Device	Predicate Device	Substantially
Property	NuVasive NVMS System	NuVasive NVM5 System (K112718)	Equivalent?
	 XLIF Detection Basic & Dynamic Screw Test Free Run EMG 	 XLIF Detection Basic & Dynamic Screw Test Free Run EMG 	Yes. Bendini function
Software Emotionalities/	• Twitch Test (Train of Four)	Twitch Test (Train of Four) Towards	was cleared in 510(k) K122742,
Modalities	• SSEP	• SSEP	and verification
	Remote Monitoring	Remote Monitoring	use with the NVM5
	Guidance Bendini	Guidance	System.
		XLIF Detection Basic & Dynamic Screw Test	Yes.
Algorithms	Identical algorithms as predicate, with additional algorithms for SSEP	Free Run EMGTwitch Test (Train of Four)	substantially
0	Auto and Bendini functions	• TceMEP	equivalent to
		· SSEP • Guidance	K122742.
Total Available Channels	. 32	32	Yes
Headbox/ Patient Module	Yes	Yes	Yes
IEC 60601-1 Compliant	Yes	Yes	Yes
Full Scale View Range	± 0.5μV to ± 8mV	$\pm 0.5 \mu V$ to $\pm 8 mV$	Yes
Frequency Response	3 Hz to 4.8 kHz	3 Hz to 4.8 kHz	Yes
User Interface	NuVasive-supplied computer with optional touch screen and/or keyboard/mouse	Control Unit: Touch screen and [optional] keyboard/mouse	Yes
Remote Monitoring	Yes	. Yes	Yes
Train of Four Testing	Yes	Yes	Yes
Needle Electrodes	Various (Identical to predicate)	Various	Yes
Surface Electrodes	Various (Identical to predicate)	Various	Yes
Electrode Leads	Various (Identical to predicate)	Various	Yes



Property Stimulating Probes Recording Channels	Subject Device	Predicate Device	Substantially
Froperty Stimulating Probes Recording Channels			Consuminary .
Stimulating Probes Recording Channels	NuVasive NVM5 System	NuVasive NVM5 System (K112718)	Equivalent?
Recording Channels	Various (Identical to predicate)	Various	Yes
	EMG, MEP, and SSEP	EMG, MEP, and SSEP	Yes
	EMG		
EMG Modalities	 XLIF (Detection) Basic & Dynamic Screw Test Free Run EMG Twitch Test (Train of Four) 	 XLIF (Detection) Basic & Dynamic Screw Test Free Run EMG Twitch Test (Train of Four) 	Yes
	XLIF (Detection)		
Types of Modes	Automatic Stimulation	· Automatic Stimulation	Yes
Threshold Values for Color Alerts	Yes (Identical to predicate)	Yes	Yes
Audio feedback	Yes	Yes	Yes
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Basic & Dynamic Screw Test	ic Screw Test	,
Types of Modes	Automatic Stimulation	Automatic Stimulation	Yes
Threshold Values for Color Alerts	Yes (Identical to predicate)	Yes	Yes
Audio feedback	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Free Run EMG	EMG	
Types of Modes	Manual Stimulation	Manual Stimulation	Yes
Threshold Values for Color Alert	Yes (Identical to predicate)	Yes	Yes
Audio feedback	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Twitch Test (Train of Four)	ain of Four)	
Types of Modes	Manual and Automatic Stimulation	Manual and Automatic Stimulation	Yes
Threshold Values for Color Alerts	Yes (Identical to predicate)	Yes	Yes
Audio feedback	Yes	Yes	· Yes
	TceMEP	LP	
Types of Modes	Manual and Automatic Stimulation	Manual and Automatic Stimulation	Yes
Threshold Values for Color Alerts	Yes (Identical to predicate)	Yes	Yes
Audio feedback	Yes	Yes	Yes

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K123307/S01 – NuVasive[®] NVM5[®] System March 15, 2013

Substantially	Equivalent?		Yes	Yes. Waveform output is the same regardless of background color.	Yes. Waveform output is the same regardless of audio feedback.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Predicate Device	NuVasive NVM5 System (K112718)		Manual Stimulation	No	No .	01		1.5 kHz	0.030 kHz	None	Yes	> 100 dB @ 60 Hz	9.6 kHz	Yes	Rectangular, Monophasic Pulse	Yes	300 V	0.09 A	0.0002 sec	5	$0.169\mathrm{cm}^2$
Subject Device	Wasive NVM5 System	dass	Manual Stimulation	Yes	Yes	10	10-300 µV	1.5 kHz	0.030 kHz	None	Yes	> 100 dB @ 60 Hz	9.6 kHz	Yes	Rectangular, Monophasic Pulse	Yes	300 V	0.09 A	0.0002 sec	\$	0.169 cm ²
Specification/	Property		Types of Modes	Threshold Values for Color Alerts	Audio feedback	Number of Recording Channels	Response Threshold	High Filter	Low Filter	Notch Filter	Audible EMG	CMRR	A/D Sampling Rate	Automatic Muting During Artifact	Stimulation Waveform	Constant Current/Voltage	Theoretical Max Voltage	Max Current	Max Pulse Width	Max Number of Pulses per second	Min Probe Surface Area

e Devices	Substantially Equivalent											;	Yes – the Guidance	function has limited	indications compared	to the predicate.	•		,												. Yes				
Table 3 — Comparison of Characteristics of the Subject NVIVIS System Guidance Function vs. Predicate Devices Bredicate Devices	BrainLAB VectorVision® Trauma	(OLLATON)	BrainLAB VectorVision Trauma is intended to be a pre- and intraoperative	image guided localization system to	enable minimally invasive surgery. It	links a freehand probe, tracked by a	passive marker sensor system to virtual	computer image space on a patient's	pre- or intraoperative image data being	processed by a VectorVision	workstation. The system is indicated	for any medical condition in which the	use of stereotactic surgery may be	appropriate and where a reference to a	rigid anatomical structure, such as the	skull, a bone structure like tubular	bones, pelvic, calcaneus and talus, or	vertebra, can be identified relative to a	CI, fluoroscopic, X-ray, or MR based	model of the anatomy.	Example procedures include but are not	limited to:	Spinal procedures and spinal implant	procedures such as pedicle screw	placement(Note: For the purposes of	this predicate comparison the full indications have been limited.)	 Requires input derived from CT, 	MRI, or radiographic images	 Intended to assist the surgeon in 	cannulating the pedicle based on	user predefined trajectory				
he Subject NVMS System C Predicate Devices	Medtronic StealthStation®	OCLOCATION IN	I he StealthStation" System is intended as an aid for precisely	locating anatomical structures in	either open or percutaneous	procedures. The StealthStation	System is indicated for any	medical condition in which the use	of stereotactic surgery may be	appropriate, and where reference to	a rigid anatomical structure, such	as the skull, a long bone, or	vertebra, can be identified relative	to a CT or MR based model,	fluoroscopy images, or digitized	landmarks of the anatomy.		(Note: For the purposes of this	predicate comparison the full	marcanons raise ocen imitea.)				,			Requires input derived from	CT, MRI, or radiographic	images	 Intended to assist the 	surgeon in cannulating the	pedicle based on user	predefined trajectory	Integrated with EMG	stimulation
son of Characteristics of t	NuVasive NVM5 System	The Carlotte of the Carlotte o	The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in	either open or percutaneous	pedicle cannulation procedures	in the lumbar spine of adult	patients, and when used in	conjunction with radiographic	imaging and EMG, allows the	surgeon to assess the angulation	of system accessories relative to	patient spinal anatomy for the	creation of a cannulation	trajectory for bone screw	placement.												Requires input derived	from CT, MRI, or	radiographic images	 Intended to assist the 	surgeon in cannulating the	pedicle based on user	predefined trajectory	 Integrated with EMG 	stimulation
Subject Device	NuVasive NVM5 System.		The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in either	open or percutaneous pedicle	cannulation procedures in the	lumbar and sacral spine (L1-S1)	of adult patients, and when used	in conjunction with radiographic	imaging and EMG, allows the	surgeon to assess the angulation	of system accessories relative to	patient spinal anatomy for the	creation of a cannulation	trajectory for bone screw	placement.												Requires input derived	from CT, MRI, or	radiographic images	 Intended to assist the 	surgeon in cannulating the	pedicle based on user	predefined trajectory	 Integrated with EMG 	stimulation
	Specification/ Property	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE												Indications	for Use																Clinical Use				



Crossification	Subject Device		Predicate Devices		Cartestan
Property	NuVasive NVM5 System Guidance	NuVasive NVM5 System Guidance (K112718)	Medtronic StealthStation® (K050438)	Brain LAB VectorVision® Trauma (K012448)	Substantiany
	References angular sensing technology coupled with associated tracking instruments	References angular sensing technology coupled with associated tracking instruments	 References angular and position sensing technology coupled with associated tracking instruments 	References angular and position sensing technology coupled with associated tracking instruments	Yes
	 Utilizes a C-Arm Reticle with radio dense markers 	 Utilizes a C-Arm Reticle with radio dense markers 	 Utilizes a C-Arm Reticle with radio dense markers 	 Utilizes a C-Arm Reticle with radio dense markers 	Yes
Scientific Principles	Uses accelerometers to sense angular measurements based on gravity by collecting 2 degrees of freedom (DOF) (rx, ry) data Displays instrument orientation only (rotational information in the x and y planes only) with respect to gravity	 Uses accelerometers to sense angular measurements based on gravity by collecting 2 degrees of freedom (DOF) (rx, ry) data Displays instrument orientation only (rotational information in the x and y planes only) with respect to gravity 	 Uses infrared technology to capture positional and rotational information via 6 DOF (x, y, z; rx, ry, rz) data Displays the location and orientation (positional and rotational information in the x, y, and z planes) of instruments in real time merged with pre-operatively obtained images of patient anatomy 	 Uses infrared technology to capture positional and rotational information via 6 DOF (x, y, z, rx, ry, rz) data Displays the location and orientation (positional and rotational information in the x, y, and z planes) of instruments in real time merged with preoperatively obtained images of patient anatomy 	Yes - The reduced degree of data collected by Guidance is still deemed substantially equivalent since it is used in conjunction with fluoroscopic imaging, not indicated for use by the predicate StealthStation. The amount of data collected by Guidance is sufficient to provide angular outputs to compare against the angular inputs identified by the user as the planned trajectory, considering that intraoperative radiographic imaging is used to confirm the starting point and correct trajectory of the cannulation needle.
Performance Requirements	 Angular tolerance of ±2° Confirmation of alignment to pre-planned trajectory Seamlessly integrated with an insulated Jamshidi Needle 	 Angular tolerance of ±2° Confirmation of alignment to pre-planned trajectory Seamlessly integrated with an insulated Jamshidi Needle 	 Angular tolerance of ±2° Confirmation of alignment to pre-planned trajectory Seamlessly integrated with an insulated Jamshidi 	 Confirmation of alignment to pre-planned trajectory Others unknown 	Yes
Conformance to Standards	IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2	IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2	IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2	IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2	Yes
User Interface	Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio	Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio	Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio	Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio	Yes



Specification/ Property System Subject Device Guidance Guidance Guidance Guidance Composed of known and composed of known and accepted (biocompatible) materials. As selected for individual accessories, and validated to accessories, and validated to	NUVASIVE:		K123307/S01 – NuVasive [®] NVM5 [®] System March 15, 2013	[®] <i>NVM5</i> [®] <i>System</i> March 15, 2013
Nuvasive NVM5 System. Guidance Tracking instruments composed of known and accepted (biocompatible) materials. As selected for individual accessories, and validated to	Ibject Device	Predicate Devices		Calconding
Tracking instruments composed of known and accepted (biocompatible) materials. As selected for individual accessories, and validated to		Medtronic Stealth Station (K050438)	BrainLAB VectorVision® Trauma (K012448)	Equivalent
accepted (biocompatible) materials. As selected for individual accessories, and validated to			Tracking instruments composed Tracking instruments composed of	
As selected for individual accessories, and validated to		of known and accepted (biocompatible) materials.	known and accepted (biocompatible) materials.	Yes
accessories, and validated to	ted for individual As selected for individual	As selected for individual	As selected for individual	
		accessories, and validated to	accessories, and validated to assure	Yes
assure an SAL of 10-6.	n SAL of 10°. assure an SAL of 10°.	assure an SAL of 10°.	an SAL of 10-6.	

	Table 4 - Comparison of Characteristics of the Subj	Table 4 - Comparison of Characteristics of the Subject NVM5 System Bendini Function vs. Predicate Device	evice
	Subject Device	Predicate Devices	Substantially
Characteristics	NVM5 System - Bendini Function	Bendini Spinal Rod Bending System (K122742)	Equivalent?
Indications for Use	The NVM5* System is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic status. NVM5 provides this information by electrically stimulating nerves via electrodes located on surgical accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG), transcranial motor evoked potential (TceMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves. The System also integrates Bendini* software used to locate spinal implant instrumentation for the placement of spinal rods. [Bendini function only shown below:] • Bendini – The Bendini Spinal Rod Bending function is used to locate spinal implant system instrumentation (screws, hooks) to determine their relative location to one another to generate bend instructions to shape a spinal rod. A surgeon is able to use those instructions and bend a rod using the Bendini Bender, a mechanical rod bender.	The NuVasive Bendini Spinal Rod Bending System is used to locate spinal implant system instrumentation (screws, hooks) to determine their relative location to one another to generate bend instructions to shape a spinal rod. A surgeon is able to use those instructions and bend a rod using the Bendini Bender, a mechanical rod bender.	YES
System Design	Components: Optical (IR) tracking technology system, IR tracking instruments, computer. User Interface: Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio.	Components: Optical (IR) tracking technology system, IR tracking instruments, control unit, and mobile stand. User Interface: Touch screen, graphical user interface and audio.	YES
	Conformance with Recognized Standards: IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2 Power Supply – Line Input	Conformance with Recognized Standards: IEC 60601-1, IEC 60601-1-2 Power Supply - Line Input	
Instrumentation	IR Stylus (with integrated passive spheres)Rod Bender	IR Stylus (with integrated passive spheres) Rod Bender	YES



G. Performance Data

Nonclinical testing was performed to demonstrate that the subject *NVM5 System* is substantially equivalent to other predicate devices and to verify that the *NVM5 System* meets design specifications and performance characteristics, based upon the intended use. The *NVM5 System* was subjected to verification and validation testing, as well as electrical safety / compatibility testing, as follows:

- IEC 60601-1 (1988), A1 (1991), A2 (1995): Medical Electrical Equipment Part 1: General Requirements for Safety
- IEC 60601-2-40 (1988): Medical Electrical Equipment Part 2-40:Particular requirements for the safety of electromyographs and evoked response equipment
- IEC 60601-1-2 (2001), A1 (2004): Medical Electrical Equipment Part 1-2: General Requirements for Safety Collateral Standard Electromagnetic Compatibility
- NVM5 System Verification and Validation Testing
- NVM5 System software Regression Testing
- Guidance performance data comparison from literature data from clinical literature demonstrated substantial equivalence of the subject device to the predicates BrainLAB VectorVision Trauma and Medtronic StealthStation for lumbosacral levels: (1) Accuracy of percutaneous lumbar pedicle screw placement using the oblique or "owl's-eye" view and novel guidance technology (J Neurosurg Spine, 2010) and (2) Placement of thoracolumbar pedicle screws using three-dimensional image guidance: experience in a large patient cohort (J Neurosurg Spine, 2009)].
- Nonclinical testing performed for the *Bendini* function included evaluation of
 software performance per predetermined specifications outlined in the SRS, GUI
 functionality, error handling, system accuracy during data acquisition, verification
 of instrument performance in combination with the software, and verification of
 software algorithms.

The results of these studies showed that the subject NVM5 System meets or exceeds the performance of the predicate device, and the device was therefore found to be substantially equivalent.

H. Conclusions

Based on the indications for use, technological characteristics, performance testing, and comparison to predicate devices, the subject *NVM5 System* has been shown to be substantially equivalent to legally marketed predicate devices, and safe and effective for its intended use.



April 23,2013

Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Control Center – W066-G609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

NuVasive, Inc. Sheila Bruschi Manager, Regulatory Affairs 7475 Lusk Blvd. San Diego, CA 92121

Re: K123307

Trade/Device Name: NuVasive NVM5 System

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 874.1820

Regulation Name: Surgical nerve stimulator/locator

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: PDQ, ETN, GWF, HAW, IKN, OLO

Dated: March 15, 2013 Received: March 20, 2013

Dear Ms. Bruschi:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you; however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set

forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address:

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to:

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address: http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm.

Sincerely yours,

Joyce M. Whang -S

for Victor Krauthamer, Ph.D.

Acting Director
Division of Neurological
and Physical Medicine Devices
Office of Device Evaluation
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known): K123307

Device Name: NVM5 System

Indications For Use:

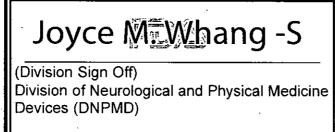
The NVM5® System is a medical device that is intended for intraoperative neurophysiologic monitoring during spinal surgery. The device provides information directly to the surgeon, to help assess a patient's neurophysiologic status. NVM5 provides this information by electrically stimulating nerves via electrodes located on surgical accessories and monitoring electromyography (EMG), transcranial motor evoked potential (TceMEP) or somatosensory evoked potential (SSEP) responses of nerves. The System also integrates Bendini™ software used to locate spinal implant instrumentation for the placement of spinal rods.

- XLIF® (Detection) The XLIF (Detection) function allows the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves, and is used as a nerve avoidance tool.
- Basic & Dynamic Screw Test The Screw Test functions allow the surgeon to locate and evaluate spinal nerves by providing proximity information before, during or after bone preparation and placement of bone screws.
- Free Run EMG The Free Run EMG function identifies spontaneous EMG
 activity of spinal nerves by continually displaying a live stream waveform of any
 mechanically induced myotome contractions.
- Twitch Test (Train of Four) The Twitch Test Function allows the surgeon to assess moderate degrees of neuromuscular block in effect by evaluating muscle contraction following a train of four stimulation pulses.
- TcMEP Transcranial stimulation techniques for motor evoked potentials are used to assess for acute dysfunction in axonal conduction of the corticospinal tract. The TcMEP function provides an adjunctive method to allow the surgeon to monitor spinal cord and motor pathway integrity during procedures with a risk of surgically induced motor injury.
- SSEP The SSEP function allows the surgeon to assess sensory spinal cord function in surgical procedures during which the spinal cord is at risk.
- Remote Reader The Remote Reader function provides real time remote access to the NVM5 System for a monitoring physician outside of the operating room.

- Guidance The Guidance function is intended as an aid for use in either open or
 percutaneous pedicle cannulation procedures in the lumbar and sacral spine (L1S1) of adult patients, and when used in conjunction with radiographic imaging
 and EMG, allows the surgeon to assess the angulation of system accessories
 relative to patient spinal anatomy for the creation of a cannulation trajectory for
 bone screw placement.
- Bendini The Bendini Spinal Rod Bending function is used to locate spinal implant system instrumentation (screws, hooks) to determine their relative location to one another to generate bend instructions to shape a spinal rod. A surgeon is able to use those instructions and bend a rod using the Bendini Bender, a mechanical rod bender.

Prescription Use X (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)	AND/OR	Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)	
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE B NEEDED)	ELOW THIS LINE-C	CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PA	∖GE IF

Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)



510(k) Number __K123307